## Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently Amended) A method of stimulating growth of new periodontal bone in a mammal, improving bone quality following a distraction osteogenesis procedure in a mammal, comprising administering to the mammal a therapeutically effective amount of a compound having the formula:

$$R_{11}$$
 $R_{12}$ 
 $R_{6}$ 
 $R_{7}$ 

where  $Y_1$  and  $Y_2$ , which may be the same or different, are each selected from the group consisting of hydrogen and a hydroxy-protecting group, where  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  are each hydrogen or taken together are a methylene group, where  $R_6$  and  $R_7$ , which may be the same or different, are each selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, fluoroalkyl, hydroxy and alkoxy, with the proviso that  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  cannot both be hydrogen, or  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  when taken together may represent the group -( $CH_2$ )<sub>x</sub>- where X is an integer from 2 to 5, or  $R_6$  and  $R_7$  when taken together may represent the group = $CR_8R_9$  where  $R_8$  and  $R_9$ , which may be the same or different, are each selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl, fluoroalkyl, hydroxy and alkoxy, or when taken together  $R_8$  and  $R_9$  may represent the group -( $CH_2$ )<sub>x</sub>- where X is an integer from 2 to 5, and where the group R represents



where the stereochemical center (corresponding to C-20 in steroid numbering) may have the  $\underline{R}$  or  $\underline{S}$  configuration, (i.e. either the natural configuration about carbon 20 or the 20-epi configuration), and where Z is selected from Y, -OY, -CH<sub>2</sub>OY,

-C≡CY and -CH=CHY, where the double bond may have the cis or trans geometry, and where Y is selected from hydrogen, methyl, -COR<sup>5</sup> and a radical of the structure:

$$-(CH_2)_m$$
  $\stackrel{R^1}{-}C$   $(CH_2)_n$   $-C$   $\stackrel{R^3}{-}$   $R^4$ 

where m and n, independently, represent the integers from 0 to 5, where  $R^1$  is selected from hydrogen, deuterium, hydroxy, protected hydroxy, fluoro, trifluoromethyl, and  $C_{1.5}$ -alkyl, which may be straight chain or branched and, optionally, bear a hydroxy or protected-hydroxy substituent, and where each of  $R^2$ ,  $R^3$ , and  $R^4$ , independently, is selected from deuterium, deuteroalkyl, hydrogen, fluoro, trifluoromethyl and  $C_{1.5}$  alkyl, which may be straight-chain or branched, and optionally, bear a hydroxy or protected-hydroxy substituent, and where  $R^1$  and  $R^2$ , taken together, represent an oxo group, or an alkylidene group, = $CR^2R^3$ , or the group - $(CH_2)_p$ -, where p is an integer from 2 to 5, and where  $R^3$  and  $R^4$ , taken together, represent an oxo group, or the group - $(CH_2)_q$ -, where q is an integer from 2 to 5, and where  $R^5$  represents hydrogen, hydroxy, protected hydroxy, or  $C_{1.5}$  alkyl and wherein any of the CH-groups at positions 20, 22, or 23 in the side chain may be replaced by a nitrogen atom, or where any of the groups - $CH(CH_3)$ -, - $(CH_2)_m$ -, - $CR_1R_2$ - or - $(CH_2)_n$ - at positions 20, 22, and 23, respectively, may be replaced by an oxygen or sulfur atom.

Claims 2-7 (Cancelled)

8. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound is administered in a dosage of from  $0.01\mu g$  to  $50\mu g$  per day.

- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the mammal is a human.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered is 2-methylene-19-nor-20(S)- $1\alpha$ ,25-dihydroxyvitamin D<sub>3</sub> having the formula:

11. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered is an acylated derivative having the formula:

$$R_{11}$$
 $R_{12}$ 
 $OY_1$ 

where  $Y^1$  and  $Y^2$  independently represent hydrogen or an acyl group, and with the proviso that  $R^5$  is  $-OY_3$  and  $Y_3$  is selected from the group consisting of acyl or a hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl.

Claims 12-19 (Cancelled)

20. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered is selected from the group consisting of:

$$Y_2O^{WW}$$
 $R_9$ 
 $R_8$ 
 $R_{11}$ 
 $R_{12}$ 
 $OY_1$ 

where  $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$  and R are as defined in claim 1 and  $R_8$  and  $R_9$ , which may be the same or different, are each selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and fluoroalkyl, or, when taken together represent the group -(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>X</sub>- where X is an integer from 2 to 5.

21. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered is selected from the group consisting of:

$$Y_2O^{WW}$$

$$R_{11}$$

$$R_{12}$$

$$OY_1$$

where  $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$ ,  $R_{11}$  and  $R_{12}$  and R are as defined in claim 1 and  $R_{10}$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, hydroxyalkyl and fluoroalkyl.

22. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the compound administered is selected from the group consisting of:

- 5 -

$$Y_{2}O^{W}$$

$$R_{11}$$

$$R_{12}$$

$$OY_{1}$$

$$R_{6}$$

$$R_{7}$$

where  $Y_1$ ,  $Y_2$ ,  $R_{11}$ ,  $R_{12}$ ,  $R_6$ ,  $R_7$  and R are as defined in claim 1 with the proviso that  $R^5$  is  $-OY_3$  and  $Y_3$  is selected from the group consisting of an acyl or a hydrocarbyloxycarbonyl.

Claims 23-45 (Cancelled)